2015贵阳国际会议生态文明与开放式扶贫主题论坛

农村社会组织如何建设社会资本 以消滅贫穷? How can rural social associations

construct/reconstruct social capital in eradication of poverty?

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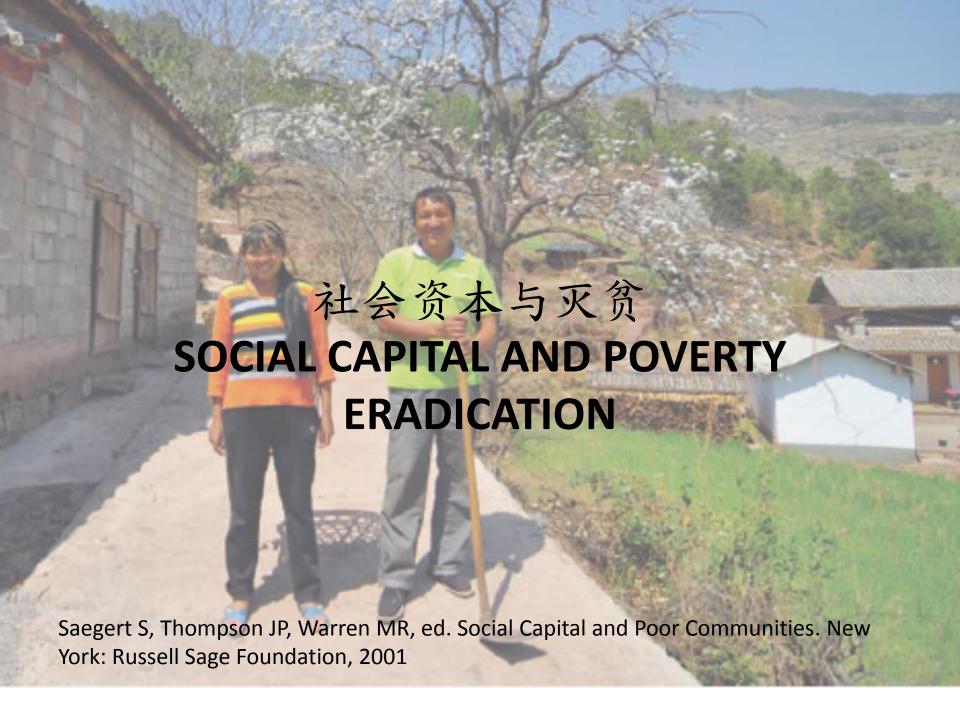
什么是社会资本? What is Social Capital?

- 从个人或微观的角度出发,社会资本是指个人透过与他人的社会联系而获得的经济资源、资讯或机会。(Coleman, 1988)
- 社会资本令个人、小组或 社区能够更容易去解决集 体问题。
- Social capital refers to the resource, information or opportunities gained through social ties, memberships of networks and sharing of norms. (Coleman, 1988)
- Social capital allows individuals, groups and communities to resolve collective problem more easily.

信任、网络、规范 Trust, Network and Norms

- · 若没有信任及网络去确保执行,个人倾向不同其他人合作,因为其他人不一定不被信任会做同样的行为(Putnam,1993)。
- In the absence of trust and networks ensuring compliance, individuals tend not to co-operate because others cannot be relied on to act in a similar way (Putnam, 1993).

Putnam RD. Bowling Alone: the Collapse and Revival of American Community. New York: Simon & Schuster, 2000.



连结/内部社会资本 Bonding/Internal social capital

- 在社区内建造连结/内部社会资本.
- 在社区内强大的社会 链接及有效的组织可 以穷人发展其能力用 来对抗贫穷;

- Bonding/Internal social capital built within communities
- Strong social bonds and effective organization within communities provide the foundation for poor people to develop their capacity to combat poverty.

桥梁/横向社会资本 Bridging social capital

- 在社区之间培育桥梁/ 横向社会资本
- 在不同社区之间建造信任及合作,可以强化整体社会的社会脉络,令社会有共识对抗贫穷
- Bridging / horizontal social capital nurtured across communities.
 - Building trust and cooperation across communities can strengthen the social fabric of the whole society and create consensus for combating poverty.

联系/縱向社会资本 Linkage/ Vertical social capital

- 与社区之外的金融及公共 机构加强联系,建造联系/ 從向社会资本
- 由于被主流经济及政治组织的忽视,贫穷社区的社会资产可以并未有效发挥,
- 所以社区内的组织需与企业以及政府组织协作,产生协同效应。

- Linkage/ Vertical social capital with financial and public institutions outside the community
- social assets of poor communities may be ineffective because they are undermined by mainstream economic and political institutions.
- Synergy among local organizations, economic actors, and the state institutions for positive development outcomes is recommended.

建设社会组织发展社区经济 Building social organization to develop community economics

· 建设社会组织用来发展社区经济是一项有效的方法,用来建设/ 重建不同社会资本,以及对抗贫穷 One of the most effective way to build and rebuilt social capital within/between/outside a community to combat poverty is to build social organization to develop community economies

社区经济发展特色

Characteristics of Community Economy Development

- 以社区为本
- 自下以上的参与及动员
- 发挥区内居民拥有未受 市场利用的才能、技术 与经验
- 强调社区的分享及共同拥有

- Community-based
- Bottom-up participation and mobilization
- Utilize residents' talents, skills and experiences, which are not utilized by market
- Stress sharing and coownership of community

目标及组织 Goals & Organizations

- 事工目标是改善居民的 生活质素
- 过程目标是令弱势社群 重获生活的意义及尊严
- 不同的社会组织
 - 小型企业
 - 小额信用合作社
 - 生产及消费合作社
 - 社区货币或货物及服务交换系统。

- Task goal is to improve quality of life of residents
- Process goal is to allow vulnerable groups to reclaim meaning and dignity of life
- Different organizations:
 - Micro-enterprises
 - Micro-finance Credits
 - Production & consumerCo-ops
 - Local Exchange and Trade Systems

主要效果 Major Outcomes

- 增加社会资本
- 强化社会组织
- 重建社区经济
- 加强社会和谐及融合
- 推动可持续发展

- Increase Social Capital
- Reinforce Social
 Organizations
- Rebuild Community
 Economies
- Enhance Social Harmony & Inclusion
- Promote Sustainable
 Development

例子

Example

- 乐施会剑川项目的重点是 协助贫困农户发展和改善 生计
- 成立社区发展基金,向农户尤其是妇女,提供低息小额贷款购买牲畜,发展畜牧业增加收入,解决基本温饱。

- Oxfam Project at Sichuan: helping rural peasants to develop and improve livelihood.
- Community Development
 Fund: provide micro-credit
 to peasants especially
 women to buy livestock.



促进村民社会组织

Enhance formation of social organizations



修路:组织农户选举采购小组、 施工管理小组以及监督小组,村民并 参与修路工程,共同承担社区的发展 工作。

- 通过参与式的工作手法推 动农户开会、讨论、分析 社区关心和面对的问题, 共同承担社区发展。
- Through participatory methods motivate peasants meet, discuss and analyze the problems faced by the community, fulfil the duty of community development collectively.

促进村民社会组织

Enhance formation of social organizations



- 在推行修路、修建活动室以及社区发展基金等项目过程中,协助村民选出社区组织和小组代表(妇女占一定比例),村民由计划、实施、评估、管理以及监督都积极参与,过程中展现了脱贫的决心,同时为未来的社区持续发展和自我管理做好准备。
- In the process of constructing road & activity, setting up community development fund, help peasant elect community organizations and group representatives (with quota for women).
- In planning, implementing, evaluating and monitoring the different projects, peasant show their determination, also prepare for the sustainable development and self management of the community.



